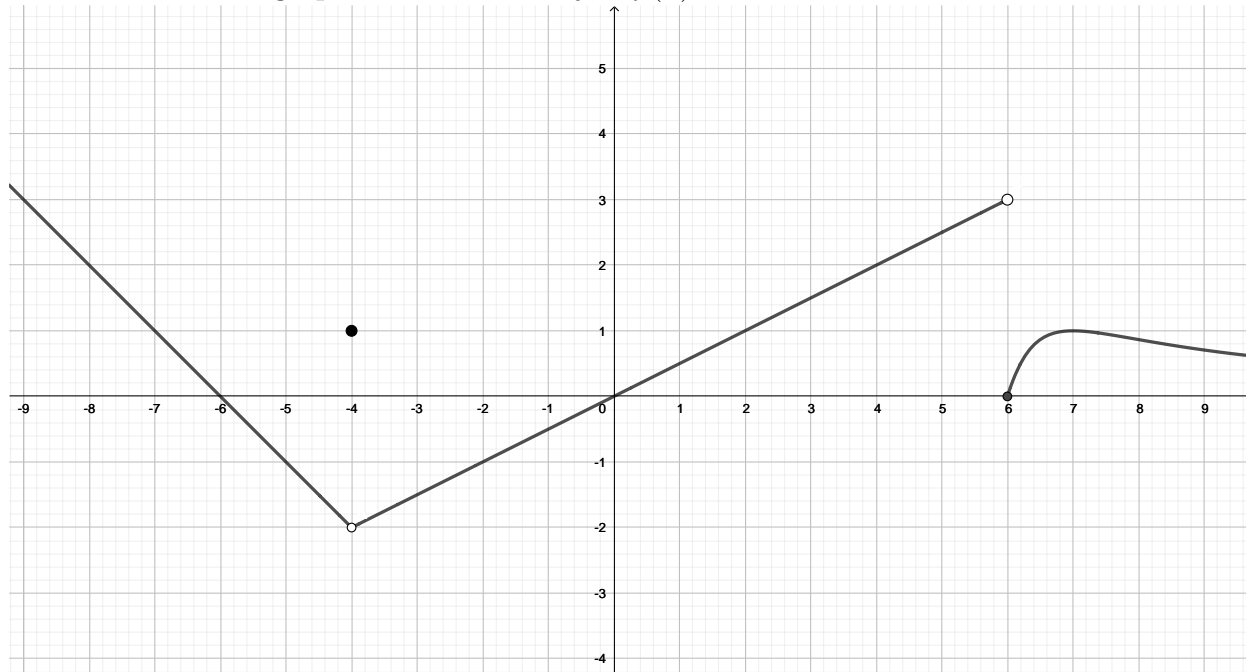


# In-class Activity 1

LAST NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ FIRST NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

## Question 1

Given below is the graph of the function  $y = f(x)$ .



Compute the following quantities if they exist, or write “Does not exist” and justify why:

- |                                      |                                     |                                     |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| • $f(-4) =$                          | • $f(6) =$                          | • $f(0) =$                          |
| • $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^+} f(x) =$ | • $\lim_{x \rightarrow 6^-} f(x) =$ | • $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) =$ |
| • $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^-} f(x) =$ | • $\lim_{x \rightarrow 6^+} f(x) =$ | • $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) =$ |
| • $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} f(x) =$   | • $\lim_{x \rightarrow 6} f(x) =$   | • $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) =$   |

## Question 2

Given the function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 - x + 1 & \text{if } x < 1 \\ \frac{3}{x} & \text{if } x \geq 1, \end{cases}$$

compute the following quantities if they exist, or write “Does not exist” and explain why:

- |                                   |                                   |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| • $f(2) =$                        | • $f(1) =$                        |
| • $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) =$ | • $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) =$ |

**Question 3** Compute the following limits if they exist, or write “Does not exist” and justify why:

$$(1) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^3}{x^3 + x^4} =$$

$$(2) \lim_{u \rightarrow 7} \frac{49 - u^2}{2u - 14} =$$

$$(3) \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^3 + 8}{x^2 + 2x} =$$

$$(4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{25 + x} - 5}{x^2 - 5x} =$$

$$(5) \lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{9 - x}{3 - \sqrt{x}} =$$

$$(6) \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{t+1} - \sqrt{1-t}}{t} =$$

$$(7) \lim_{t \rightarrow 3} \frac{\frac{1}{t} - \frac{1}{3}}{t - 3} =$$

$$(8) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h^2}{\frac{1}{h+1} - 1} =$$